

DMM - M

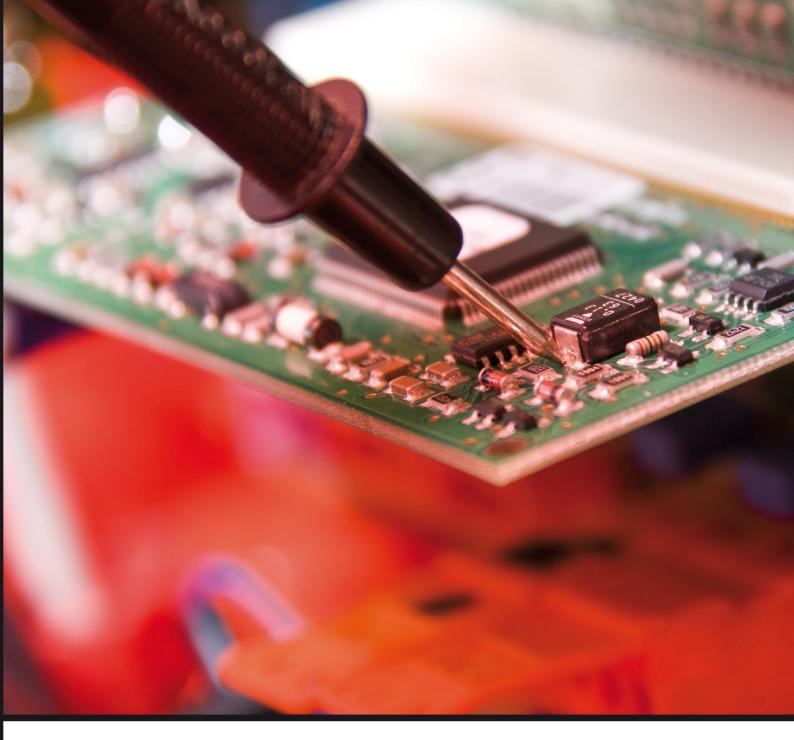


WHY?

DMM usually combines several measurement functions in one unit. A typical multimeter may include features such as the ability to measure voltage, current and resistance. DMM is used in R&D, type tests and production test.

DMM FUNCTION SPECIFICATIONS

MEASUREMENT FUNCTION	RANGE		ACCURACY % OF RANGE	
VOLTAGE DC	100mV 1V 10V 100V 1000V		0.025	
RESISTANCE 2 WIRE	100Ω		0.05	
	1kΩ		0.05	
	10kΩ		0.05	
	100kΩ		0.05	
	1ΜΩ		0.1	
	10ΜΩ		0.25	
	100ΜΩ		2.5	
CURRENT DC	10mA 100mA 1A 10A		0.1	
10Hz - 120kHz	100mV	10Hz - 50Hz	1	
VOLTAGE AC TRMS	1V	50Hz - 100Hz	0.5	
	10V 100V	100Hz - 25kHz	0.25	
	75 0V	25kHz - 120kHz	1	
20Hz - 5kHz CURRENT AC TRMS	10mA 100mA 1A 10A		0.5	
FREQUENCY	PERIOD RANGE		% OF RANGE	
3Hz - 500kHz	333msec - 2µsec		0.01%	
(For 0.1V - 750V AC RMS)				



ALL THE TOOLS FOR ACCURATE MEASUREMENTS

VOLTAGE DC RANGE 100mV - 1000V

RESISTANCE 2 WIRE RANGE 100Ω - $100M\Omega$

CURRENT DC TRMS 10mA - 10A

VOLTAGE AC TRMS 100mV - 750V

CURRENT AC TRMS FREQUENCY 3Hz - 500kHz

4½ DIGITS

With Quanti's digital multimeter, you will get all the tools you need at an affordable price without compromising the quality. It provides a broad range of features and measurement functions such as DC voltage, DC current, true-RMS AC voltage and AC current, resistance, frequency, which are designed to meet general industrial needs.

DIELECTRIC WITHSTAND - H

WHY?

Hipot test or also called a Dielectric Withstand test verifies that the insulation of a product or component is sufficient to protect the operator from electrical shock. In a typical Hipot test high voltage is applied between a product's current carrying conductors and for instance its metallic chassis. Hipot equipment measure extremely low currents like from microamps to milliamps.

DIELECTRIC WITHSTAND (HIPOT) FUNCTION SPECIFICATIONS							
OUTPUT VOLTAGE	0.05V - 6kV AC/DC,	0.05V - 6kV AC/DC, Fully floating					
OUTPUT REGULATION	Max \pm (2% of output + 5V) from no load to full load over input voltage range						
VOLTAGE SETTING	Range: AC: 0.05 - 6000V, DC: 0.05 - 6000V Resolution: 5V Accuracy: ± (1% of reading + 5V)						
VOLTAGE MEASUREMENT	Range: 0.05 - 6000V Resolution: 1V Accuracy: ± (1% of reading + 5V)						
MAXIMUM OUTPUT CURRENT	100mA AC/DC						
MAX TEST APPARENT POWER	600VA						
MEASUREMENTS	AC Total, AC Real, DC						
CURRENT MEASUREMENT RESOLUTION	1mA: 0.1µA AC/DC 10mA: 1µA AC/DC 100mA: 10µA AC/DC						
CURRENT ACCURACY	AC Total: ± (0.5% of range + 5 counts) AC Real: ± (1% of range + 5 counts) DC: ± (0.5% of range, + 5 counts)						
OUTPUT FREQUENCY	50 or 60 Hz, User selectable						
TEST TIME	AC: 0; 0.3 - 999.9sec (0 = continuous) DC: 0; 0.3 - 999.9sec (0 = continuous)						
RAMP TIME	AC: 0.1 - 99.9sec; No Ramp DC: 0.1 - 99.9sec; No Ramp, τ << Ramp time						
OUTPUT WAVEFORM	True Sine wave, THD < 1 %						
HI AND LO LIMIT	AC TOTAL	AC REAL	DC				
	Range: 100mA Resolution: 10µA Range: 10mA Resolution: 1µA	Range:100mA Resolution: 10µA Range: 10ma Resolution: 1µA	Range: 10mA Resolution: 1µA Range: 1mA Resolution: 0.1µA				
	Lo Limit: 0 = OFF						
MEASUREMENT CIRCUIT DISCHARGE TIME	< 0.2sec, see max. capacitive loads						
MAXIMUM CAPACITIVE LOAD IN DC MODE	$\begin{array}{ll} 0.03 \mu F \leq 6 kV \\ 0.5 \mu F \leq 3 kV \\ 1 \mu F \leq 1 kV \end{array}$						
MEASUREMENT SAFETY	Fully floating output ¹						
ARC DETECTION	Setting mode: Programmable setting Minimum pulse width: < 5µ sec or > 5 - 100µ sec Detection current: Programmable 1 - 20mA						

ENSURING CONNECTIVITY

For optimum quality process control the connectivity to the DUT has to be ensured. Quanti gives the user several options to check this. The user can select either automatic or manual mode connectivity check. The parameters can be adjusted in order to meet high quality control standards and optimum yield.

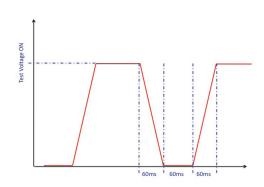
1, 2 AND 4 CHANNEL SIMULTANEOUS MEASUREMENT POSSIBLE

ARC DETECTION

Arc is electrical spark occurred by voltage or current quickly changing. There should be no "sparking" in a Hipot test. Arc detection can help you to solve product quality issues.

MINIMUM TEST CYCLE 1,2 SEC

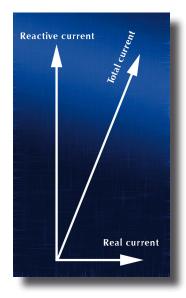
Exceptional high speed (see the diagram) allows to build ultra high speed high volume production test lines. This diagram shows how fast the test cycle can be. With minimum test time of 1sec the overall test cycle time is 1.18sec only. And this for all channels.



TOTAL AND REAL CURRENT MEASUREMENTS

Real Current measurement allows operators to monitor total and real current on a single screen. When testing highly capacitive devices, it is often desirable to make a distinction between real and total current.

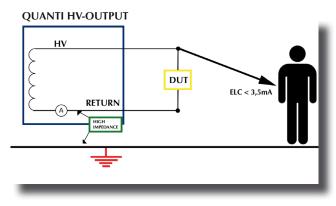
Total current is the vector sum of resistive and capacitive leakage current (see picture on the right). If the tester monitors only the total current, a substantial change in real current can often go undetected. The ability to separate the real and capacitive currents is an important requirement for AC Hipot testing. Nowadays some test requirements clearly specify the measurement of real rather than total current.



INTRINSICALLY SAFE - FLOATING OUTPUT

A floating electrical circuit is created by separating grounds; one for the operator, one for the equipment. This method creates an intrinsically safe operator environment. (please see the picture on the right).





INSULATION RESISTANCE - I

NO. COLOR STATE OF THE PARTY OF

WHY?

Insulation resistance test is one of the tests that are required by the electrical safety testing standards. The test measures insulation resistance of a Device Under Test, while phase and neutral are short circuited together.

INSULATION RESISTANC	TANCE FUNCTION SPECIFICATIONS							
OUTPUT VOLTAGE	Range: 50 - 1000V DC Resolution: 1V Accuracy: ± 0.5% of range							
RESISTANCE MEASUREMENT	Range: $0.5 M\Omega$ - $50~000 M\Omega$ (5 digit, Auto range)							
	Resolution: <u>N</u>	1Ω_	$\underline{M\Omega}$					
		001 01 1	0.500 - 9 1.00 - 99 10.0 - 99 100 - 50	.99 9.9				
	Accuracy: \pm 5% to \pm 15% depending upon the voltage and the selected range 50 - 499V DC: 0.5M Ω - 999.9M Ω , \pm (5% of reading +2 counts) 1000M Ω - 9999M Ω , \pm (8% of reading +2 counts) 10000M Ω - 50000M Ω , \pm (17% of reading +2 counts) 500 - 1000V DC:							
	0.5MΩ - 999.9MΩ, \pm (3% of reading +2 counts) 1000MΩ - 9999MΩ, \pm (6% of reading +2 counts) 10000MΩ - 50000MΩ, \pm (15% of reading +2 counts)							
RAMP TIME	Ramp up: 0.1 - 99.9sec; No Ramp Ramp down: 0.1 - 99.9sec; No Ramp							
TEST TIME	0; 0.3 - 999.9sec (0 = continuous)							
HI AND LO LIMIT (M Ω)	Range: 0.500 - 0.999 Resolution: 0.001	Range: 1.00 Resolution:		Range: 10.0 - 99.9 Resolution: 0.1	Range: 100 - 50 000 Resolution: 1			
	Hi Limit: 0 = OFF							



ENSURING CONNECTIVITY

For optimum quality process control the connectivity to the DUT has to be ensured. Quanti gives the user several options to check this. The user can select either automatic or manual mode connectivity check. The parameters can be adjusted in order to meet high quality control standards and optimum yield.

OUTPUT VOLTAGE 50 - 1000V DC

Quanti measures insulation resistance in electrical systems and equipment such as: electrical machines, household appliances, transformers, cables, power supplies and so on. Measuring range is from $0.5M\Omega$ to $50G\Omega$.

VOLTAGE RESOLUTION 1V

VOLTAGE ACCURACY ±0.5% OF RANGE

RESISTANCE MEASUREMENT ACCURACY ± 5% TO ± 15%

RAMP TIMER

The voltage is ramped up from zero to the final value. Once the voltage reaches the selected value, it is kept at that value for a brief period (typically up to 5 seconds) before the resistance value is measured.

